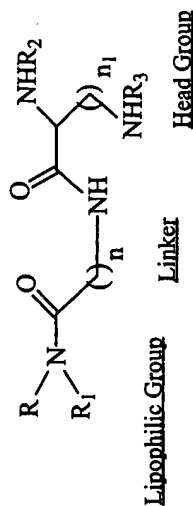


Figure 1A

I. Diamino Carboxylic acid-Based Cationic Lipid

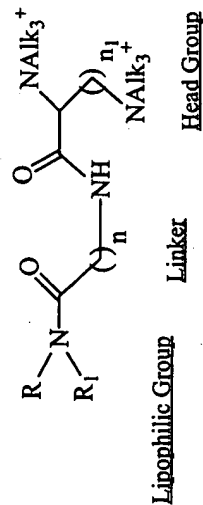


$n = 1-3, n_1 = 2-5$

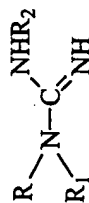
$R_1, R_2 = C_{12}-C_{22}$ saturated or unsaturated (1-4 double bonds) alkyl chain.

$R_2, R_3 = H$, acyl, alkyl, carboxamide, *N*-alkyl (aryl, acyl, PEG) substituted carboxamide, PEG, or combination thereof.
Alk = methyl, hydroxyethyl or combination thereof.

II. Quarternary Diamino Carboxylic acid-Based Cationic Lipid

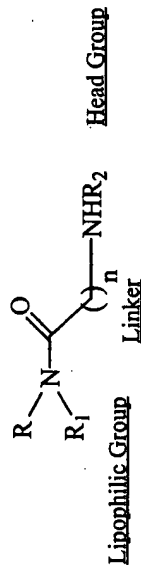


III. Guanidinium-Based Cationic Lipid



$R_2 = H$, acyl, alkyl, PEG

IV. Mono Amino-Based Cationic Lipid



$R_2 = H$, carboxamide, *N*-alkyl (aryl, acyl, PEG) substituted carboxamide, PEG

V. Polyamine-Based Cationic Lipid

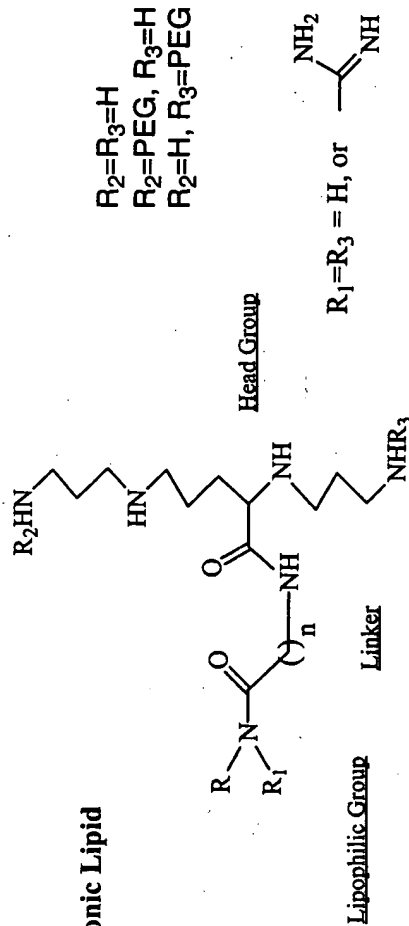
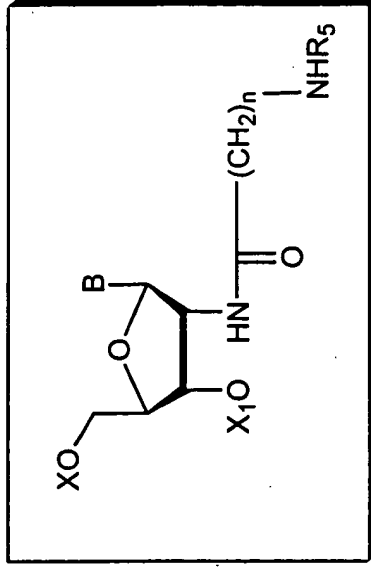
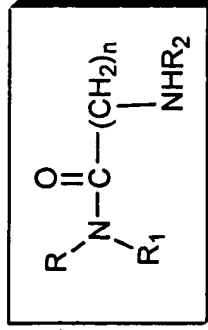


Figure 1B: Mono Amino-Based Cationic Lipid

Class V



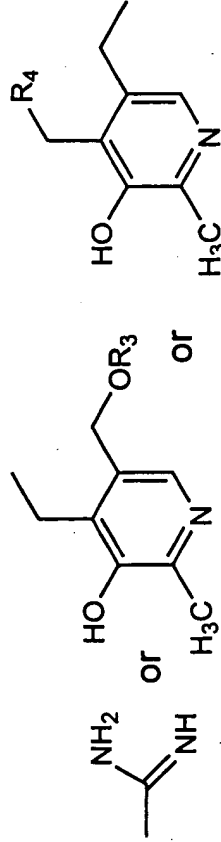
Class IV



$R_1, R_1 = \text{C12-C22 saturated or unsaturated (1-4 double bonds) alkyl chain.}$

$n = 2-6$

$R_2 = \text{H,}$



$R_3 = \text{H, PO}_3\text{H}_2, \text{PEG}$

$R_4 = \text{OH, NH}_2, =\text{O, O-PEG}$

$R_5 = \text{H, carboxamidine}$

$X = X_1 = \text{R, R1}$

$X = \text{R, X1} = \text{R1, X} = \text{R1, X1} = \text{R}$

$X = \text{PEG, X1} = \text{H}$

$X = \text{H, X1} = \text{PEG}$

$\text{B} = \text{nucleic acid base (modified or unmodified) or H}$

PEG: or PEG 2000 carbonyl, PEG 5000 carbonyl

methoxypolyoxyethylene carbonyl
(Ave. Mol. Wt. = 2000 or 5000)

CO-PEG2000 - amide
COOPEG - carbamate

Figure 1C

General formula:

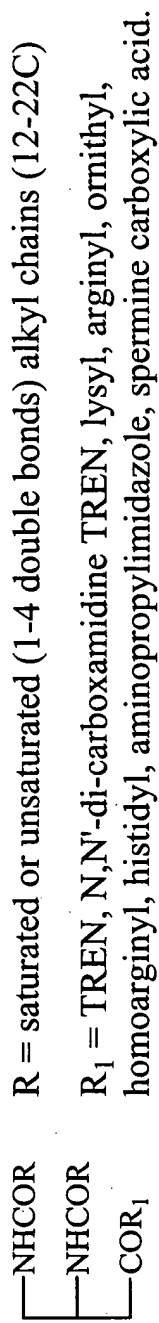


Figure 2

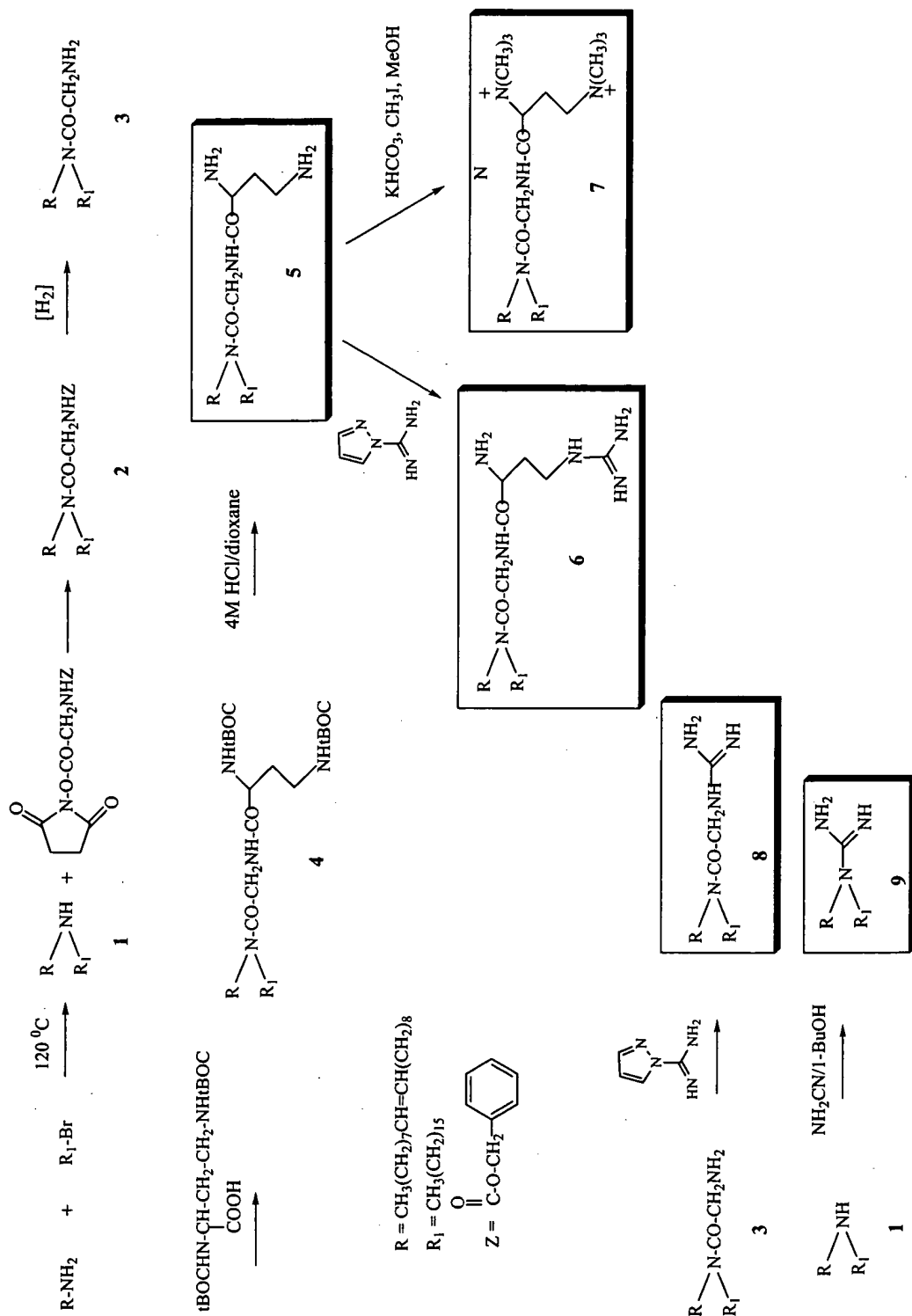


Figure 3: Synthesis of DS 46596 (12)

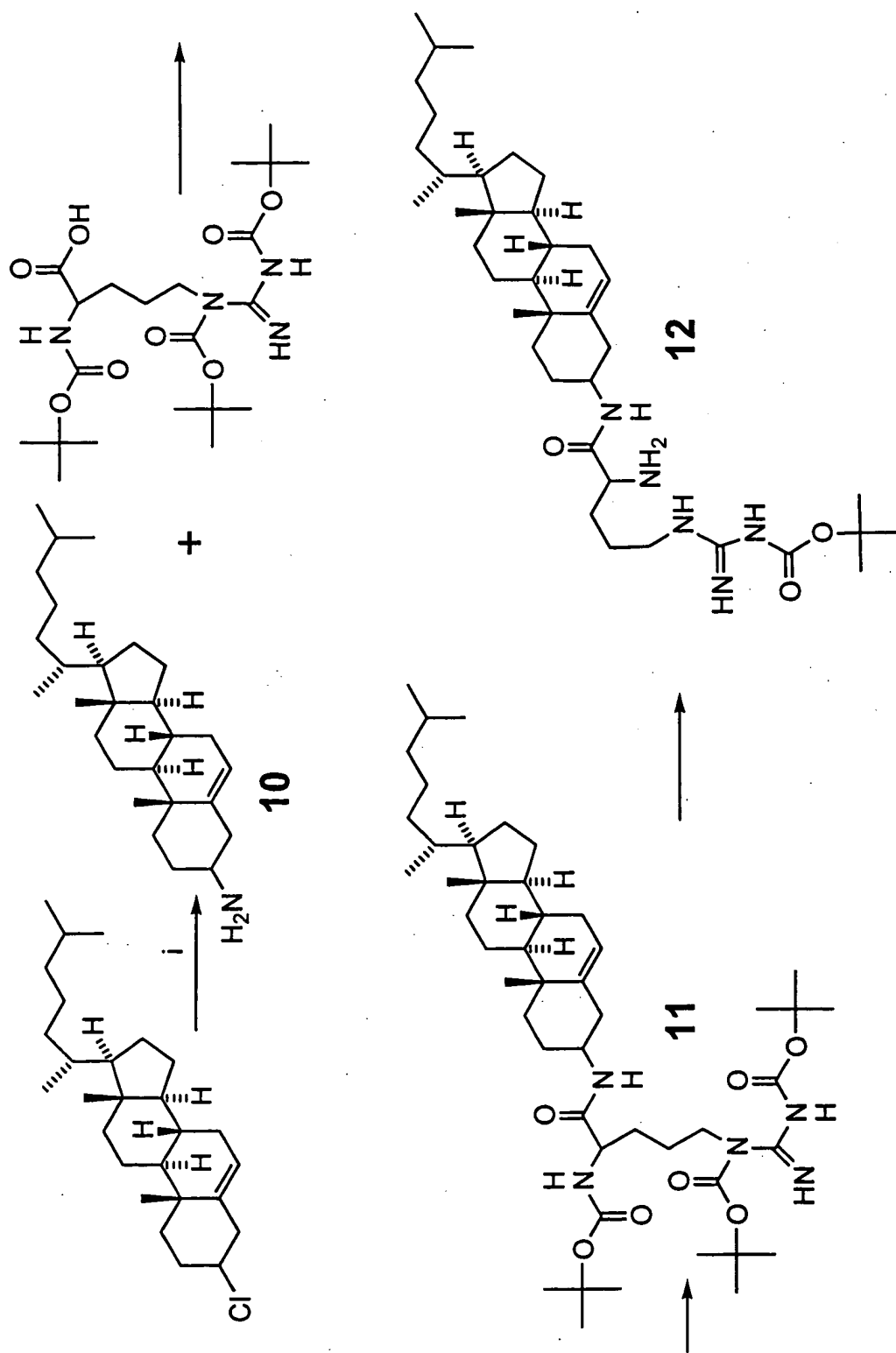


Figure 4: Synthesis of PH 55933 (15), 55938 (16)

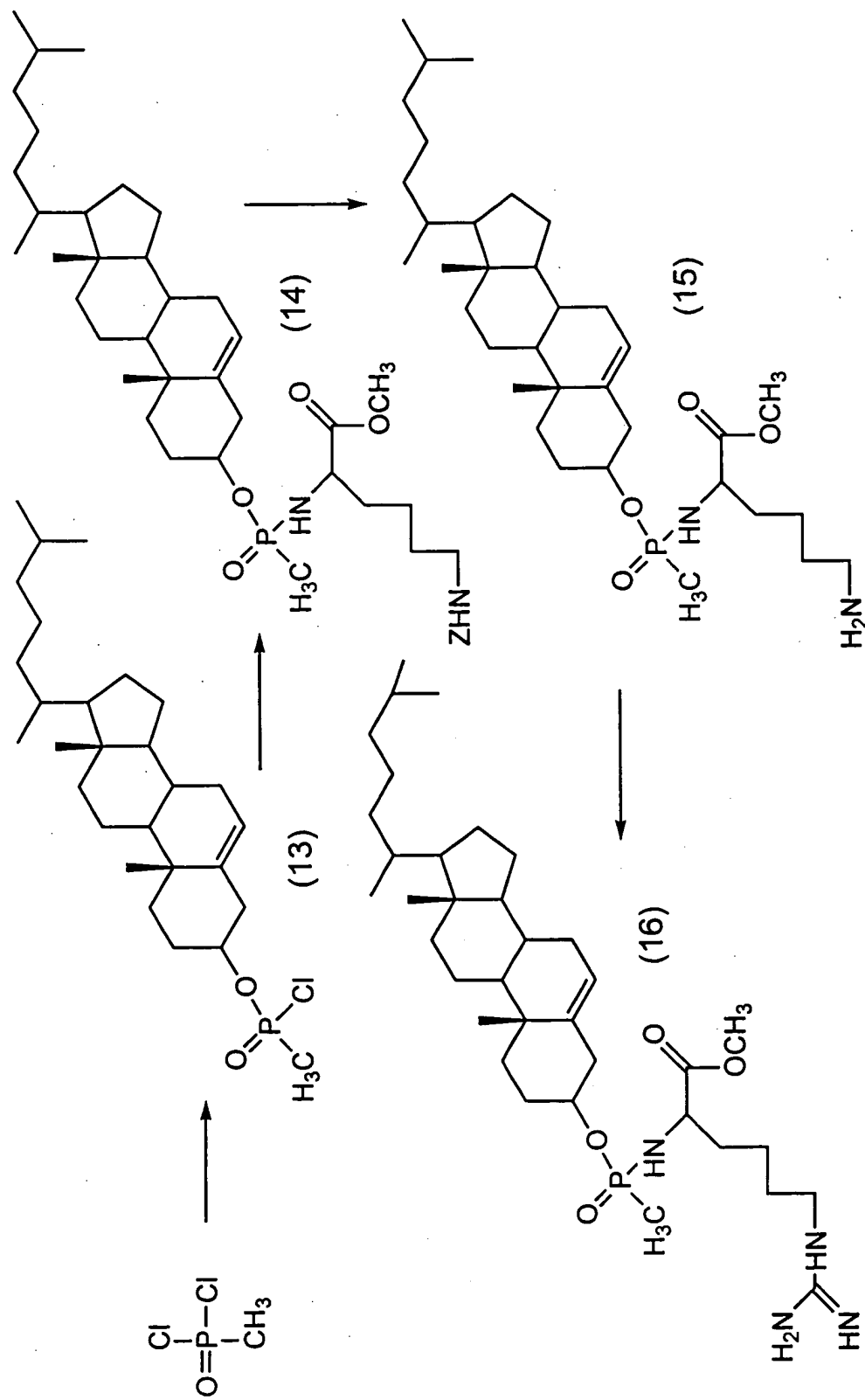


Figure 5: Synthesis of PH 55939 (17)

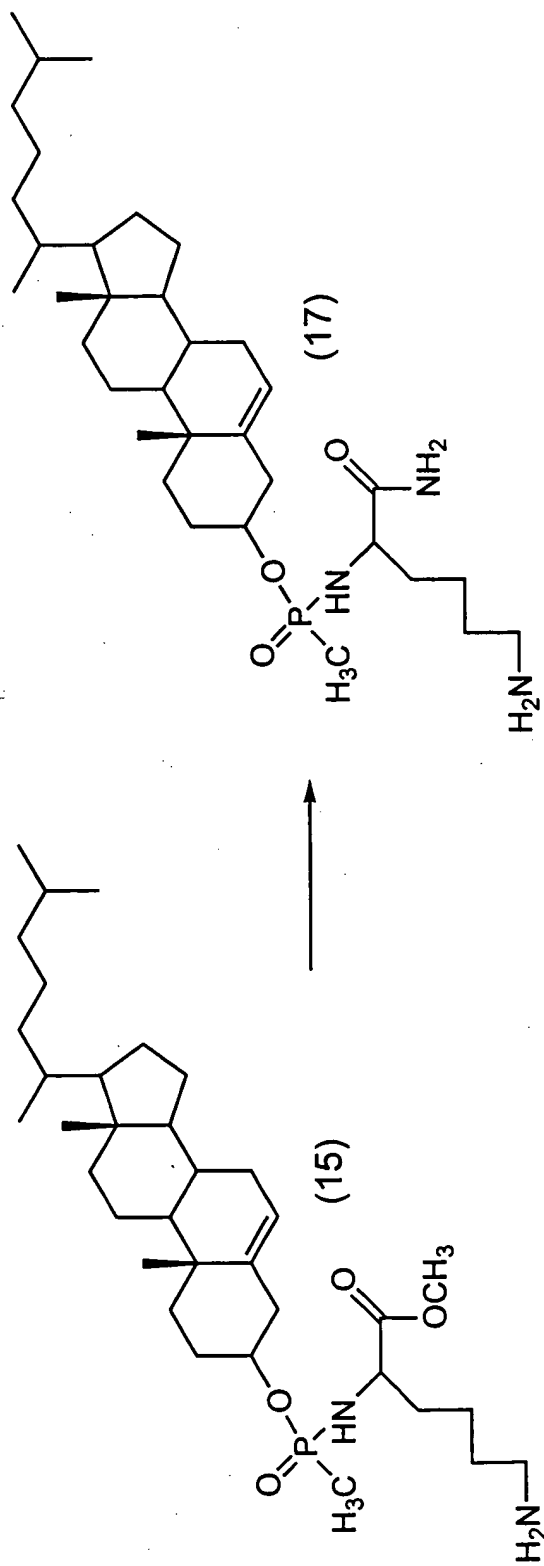


Figure 6: Synthesis of PH 55941 (18), 55942 (19)

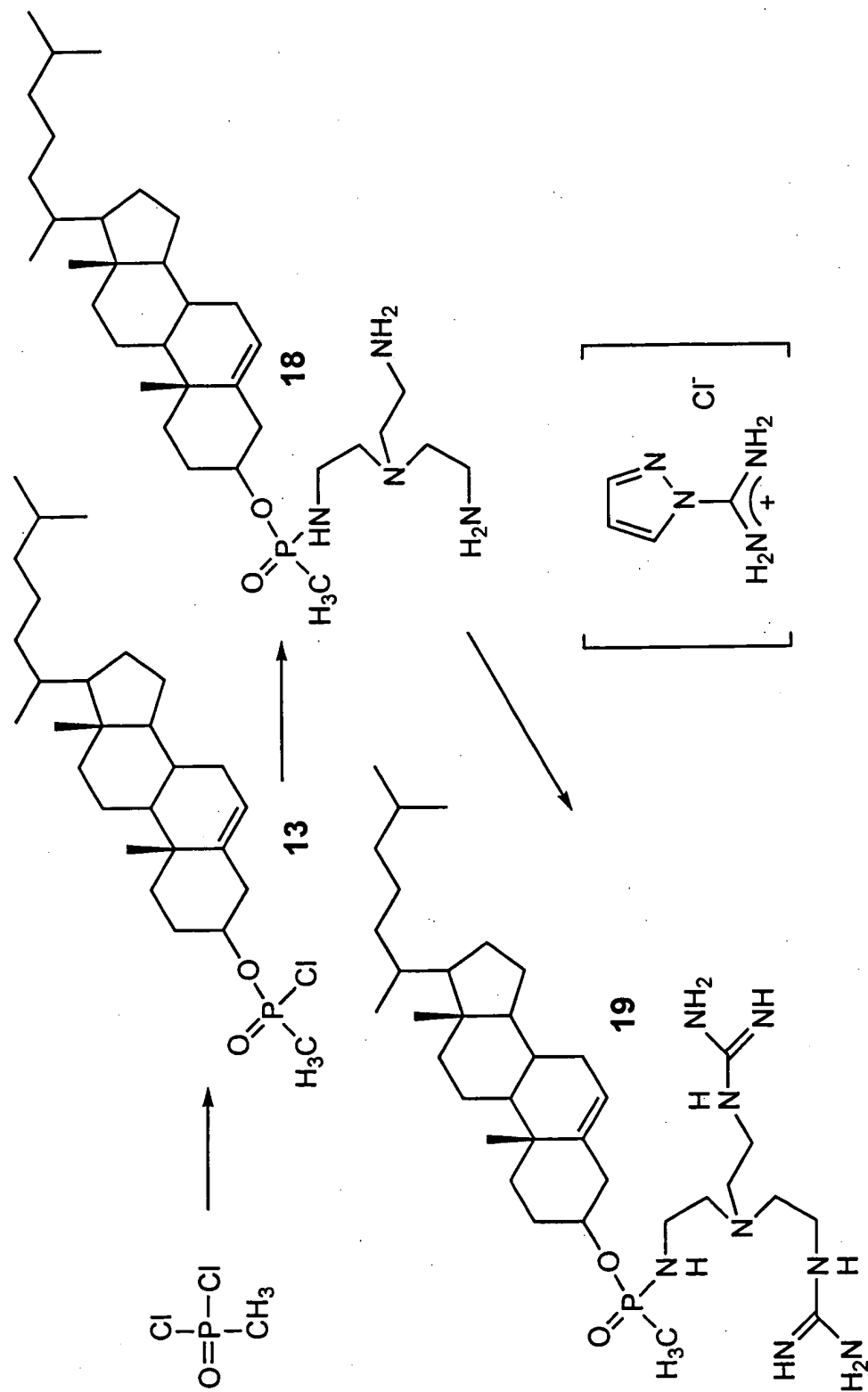


Figure 7: Synthesis of PH55943 (20)

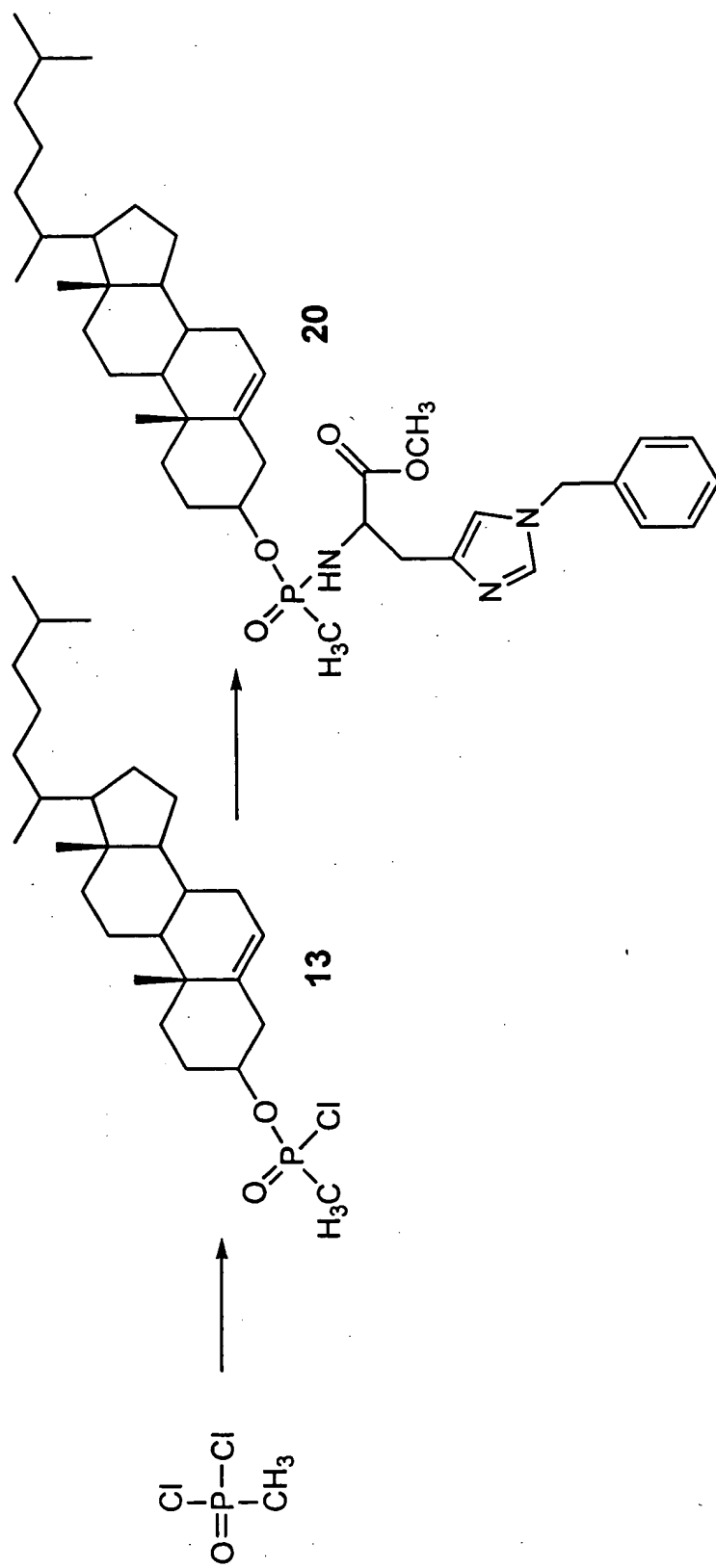


Figure 8: Synthesis of PH 55945 (21)

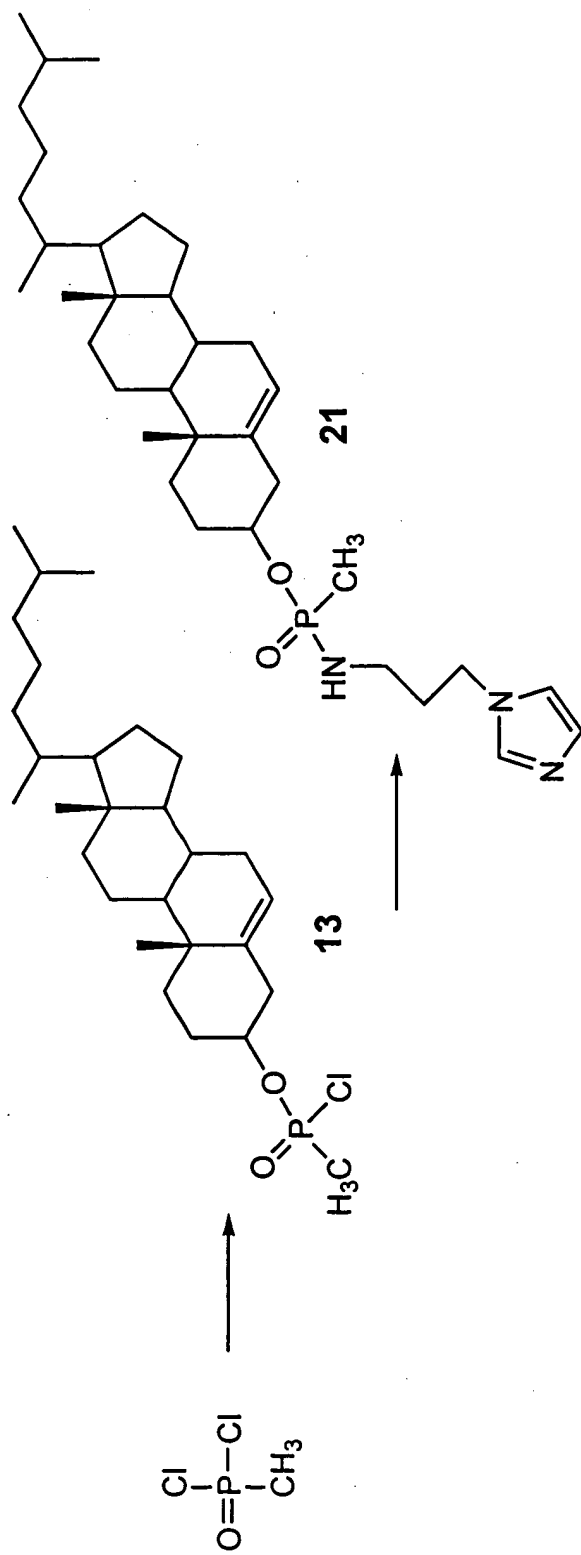
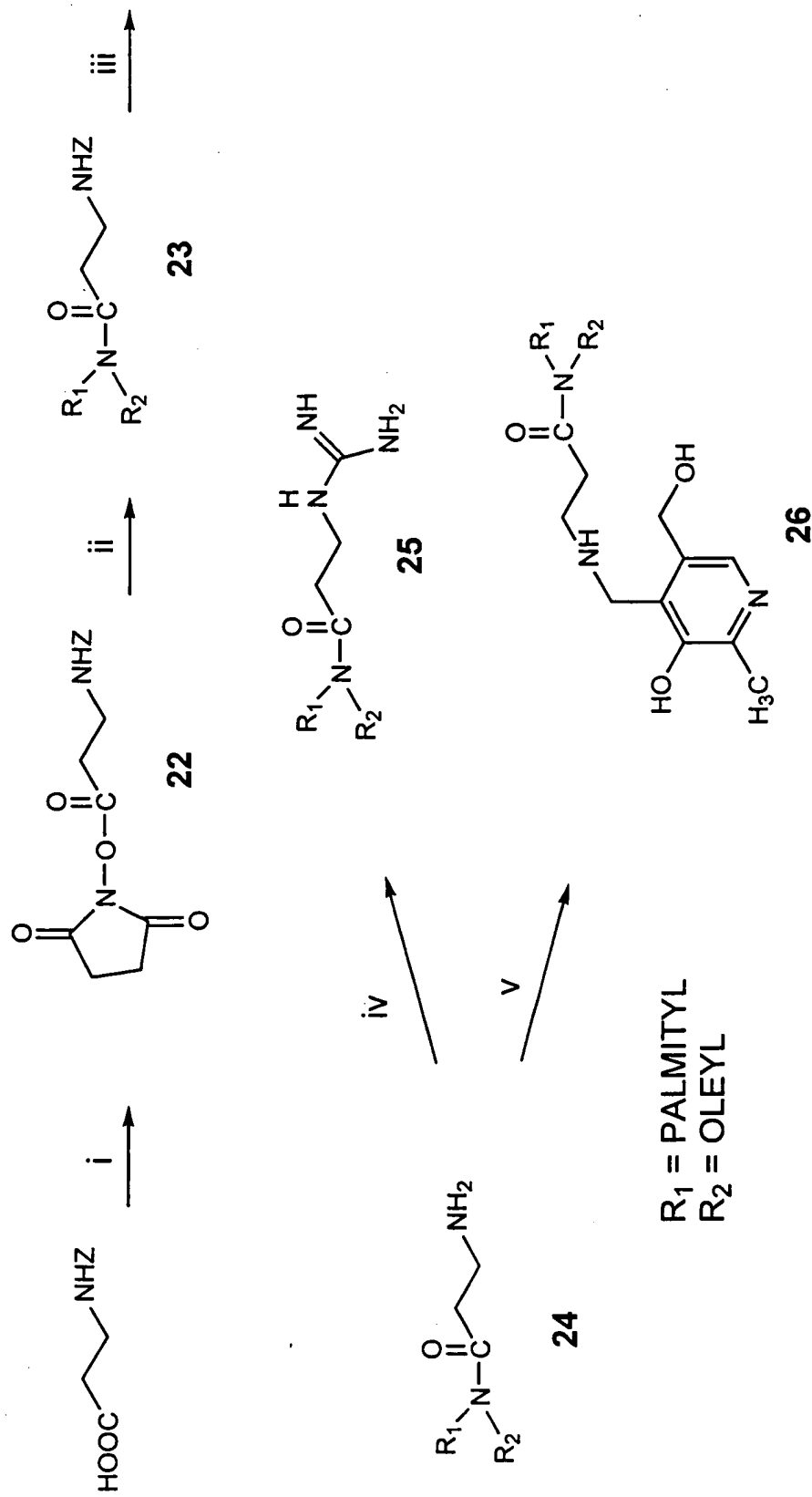
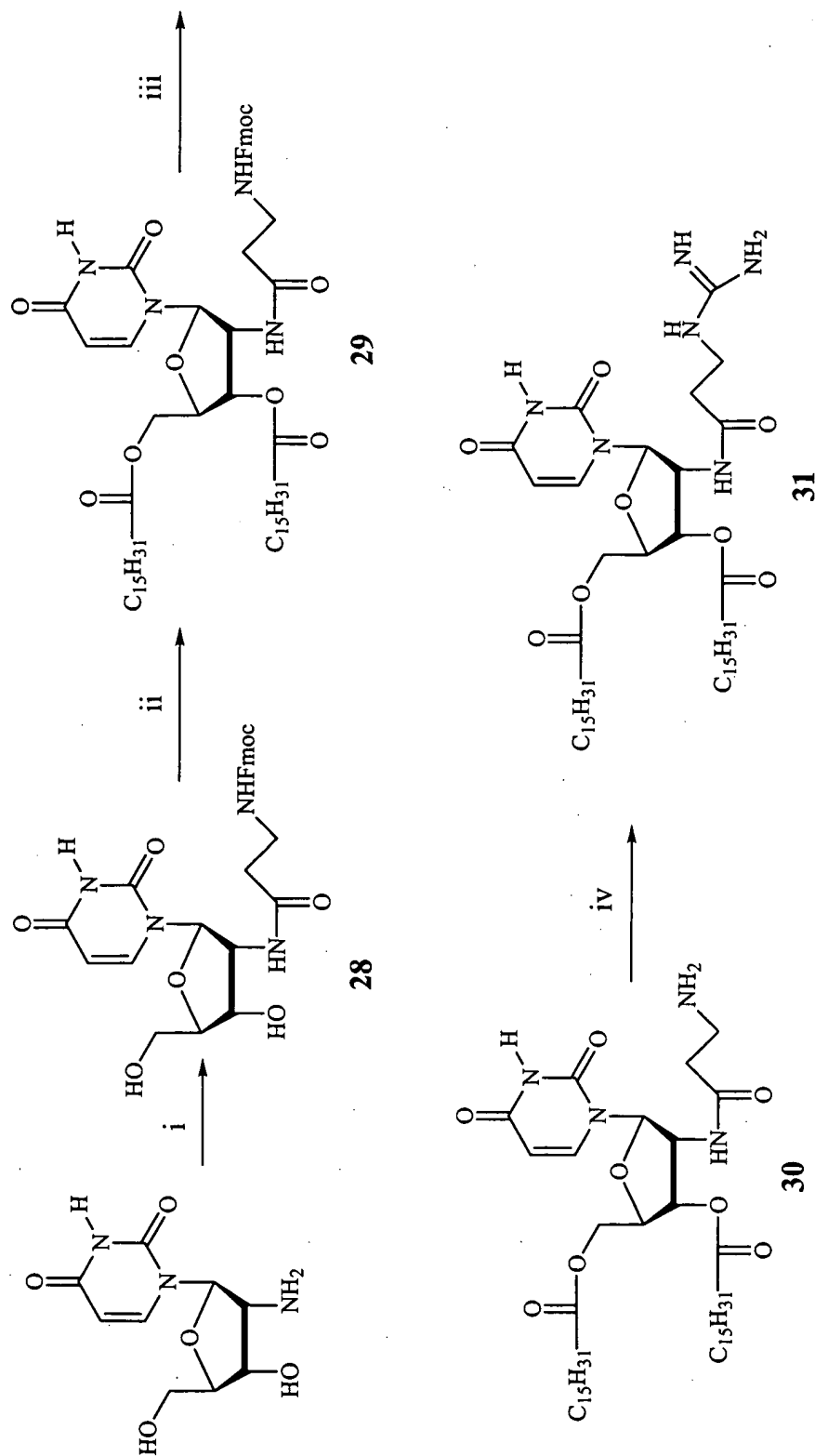


Figure 9: VITAMIN B₆ and β -Ala-BASED CATIONIC LIPIDS



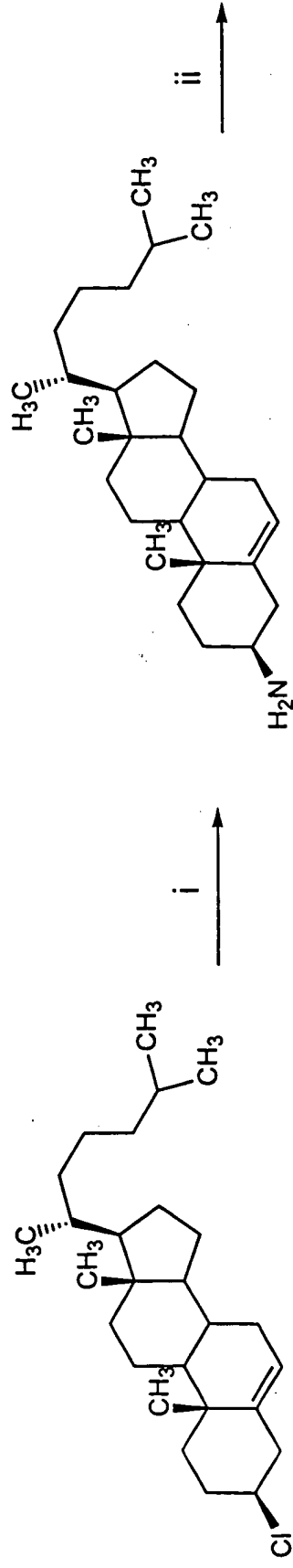
REAGENTS AND CONDITIONS: i) N-hydroxysuccinimide, DCC; ii) HNR₂, Et₃N; iii) 10% Pd/C, 1,4-cyclohexadiene; iv) a: pyridoxal/EtOH, b: NaBH₄; v) 1H-pyrazole-1-carboxamide/THF-MeOH

Figure 10

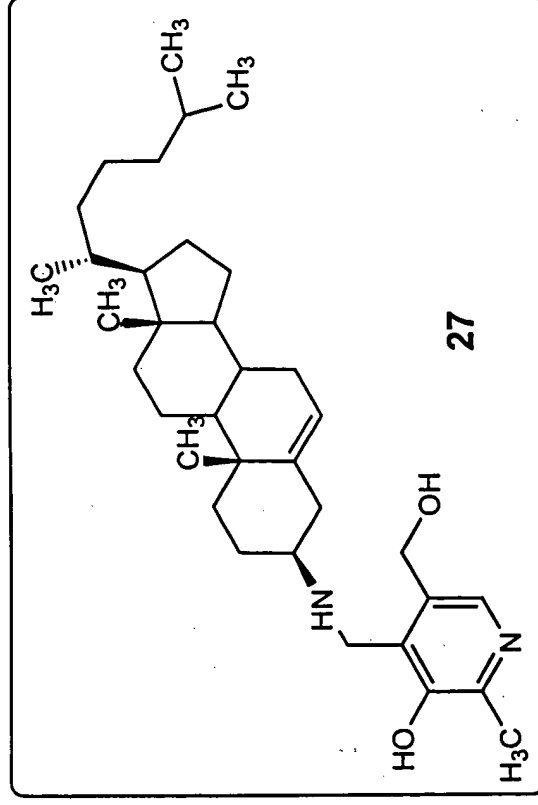


Reagents and conditions: i) N-Fmoc-b-Ala, EEDQ/MeOH; ii) C₁₅H₃₁COCl/Py; iii) morpholine/CH₂Cl₂; iv) 1H-pyrazole-1-carboxamide/THF-MeOH

Figure 11: VITAMIN B₆-CHOLESTEROL CONJUGATE



Cholesteryl chloride



REAGENTS AND CONDITIONS: i) NH₃/MEOH; ii) reductive amination of pyridoxal

FIGURE 12A

Group I Intron

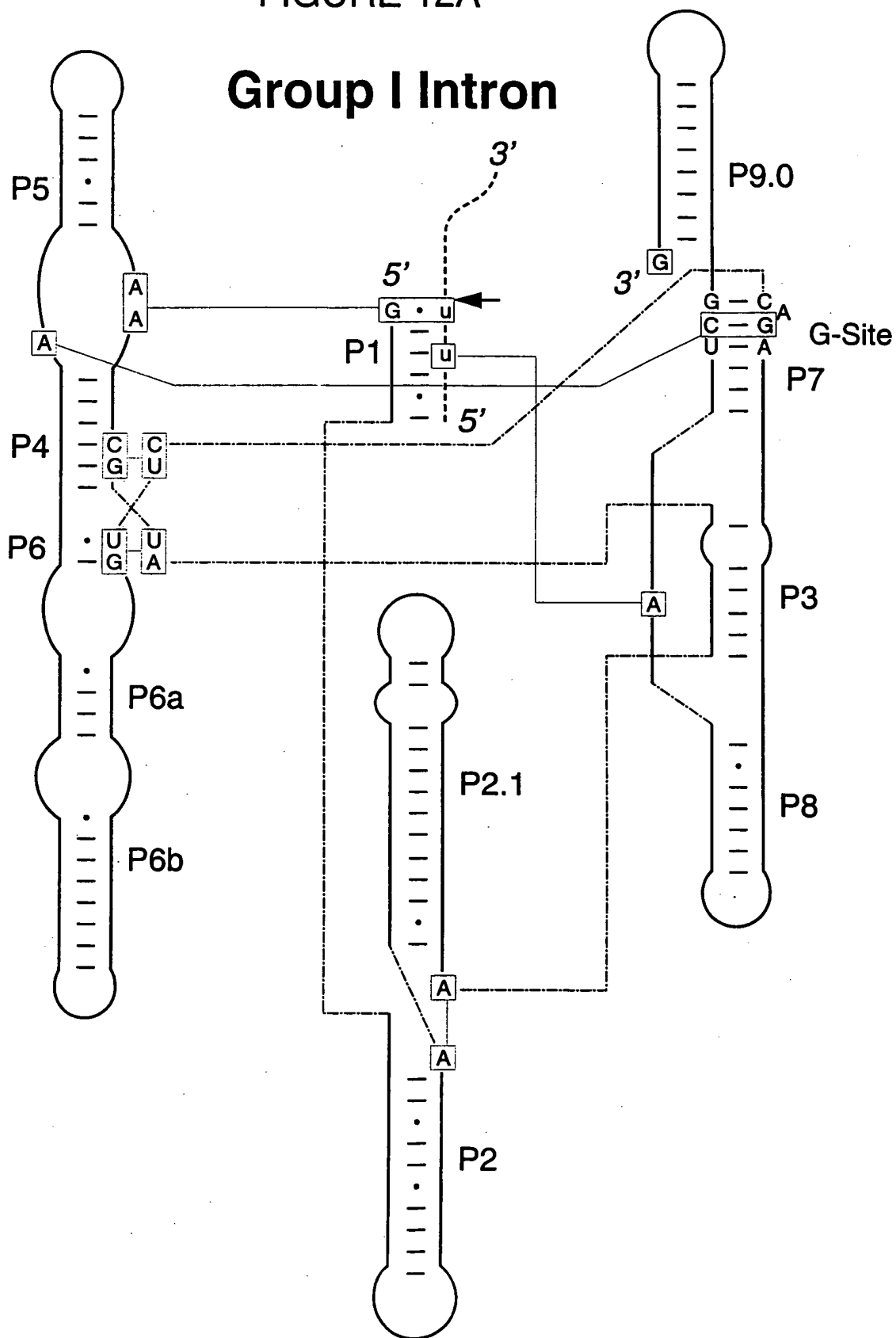


FIGURE 12B

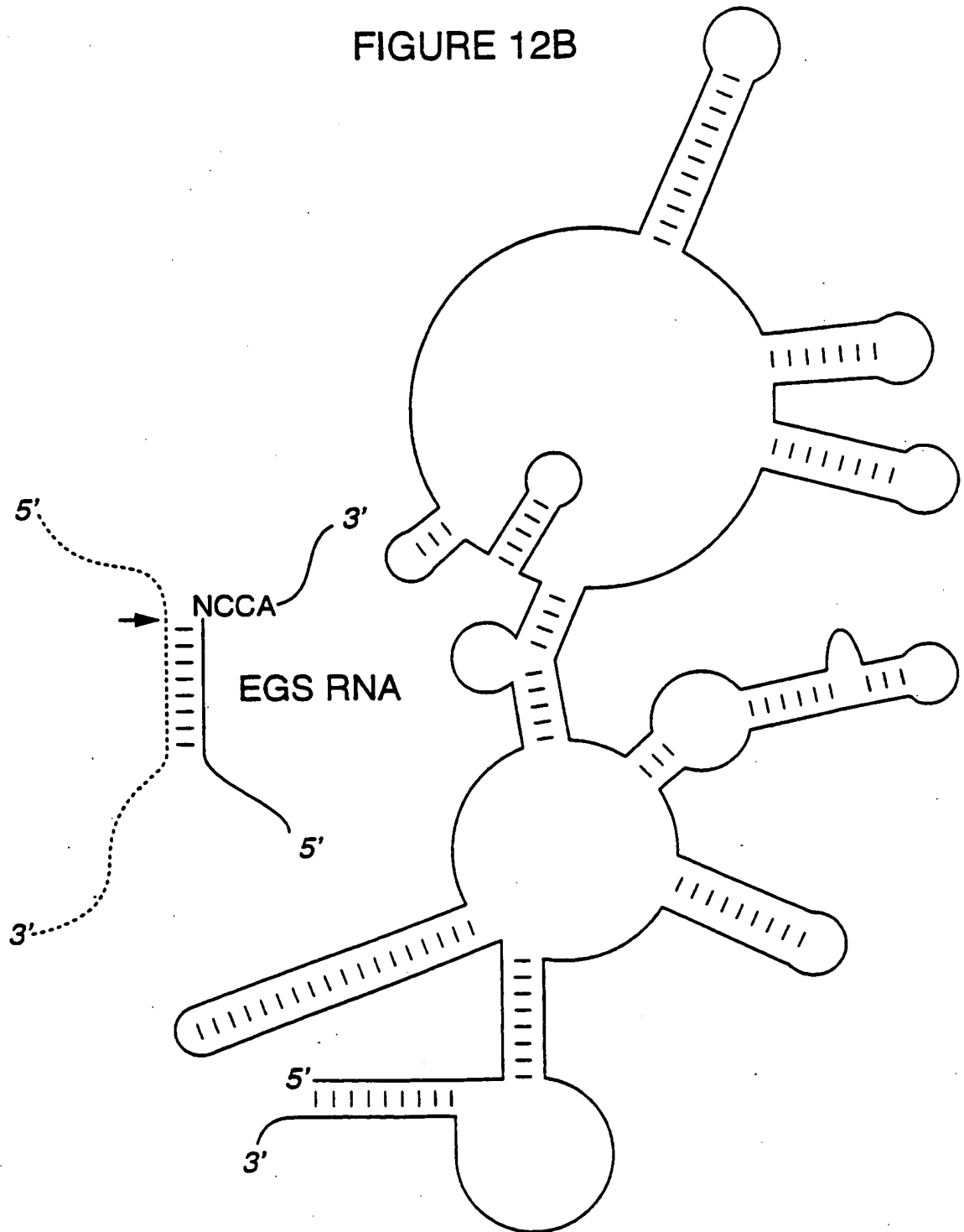


FIGURE 12C

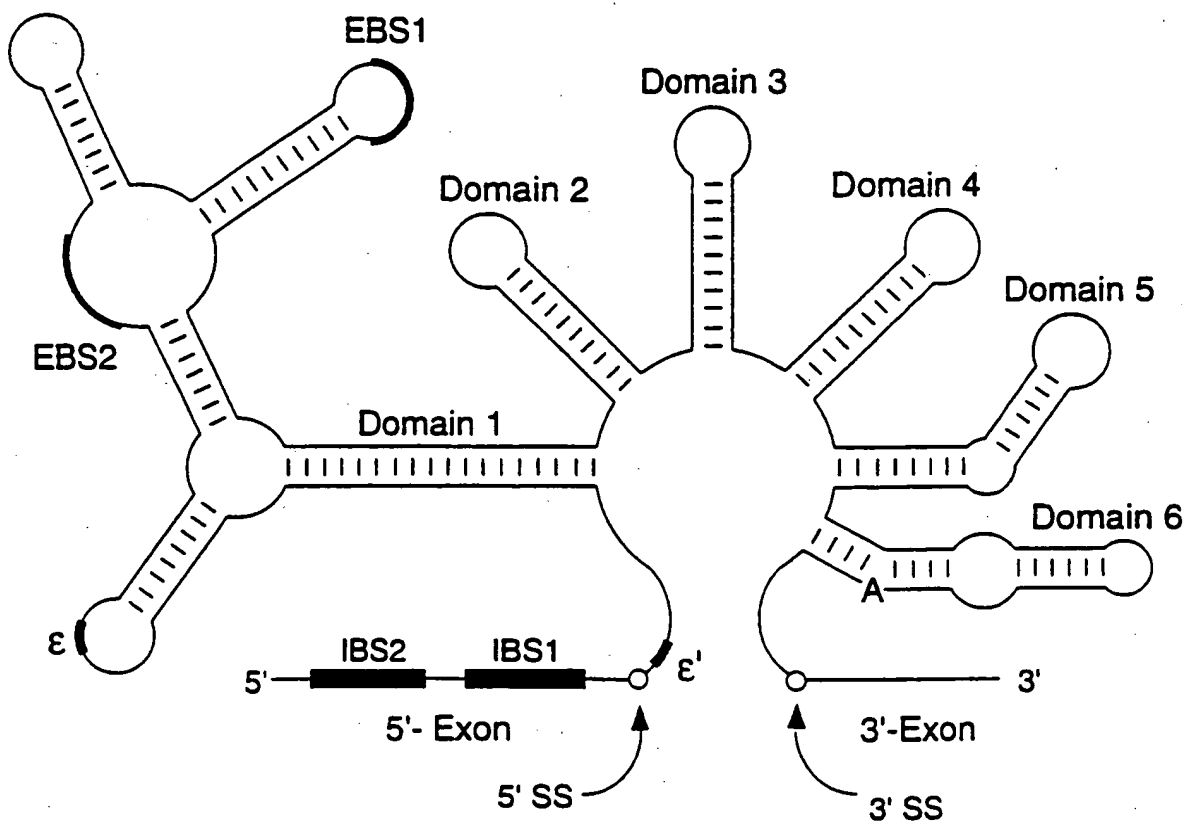


Figure 12D

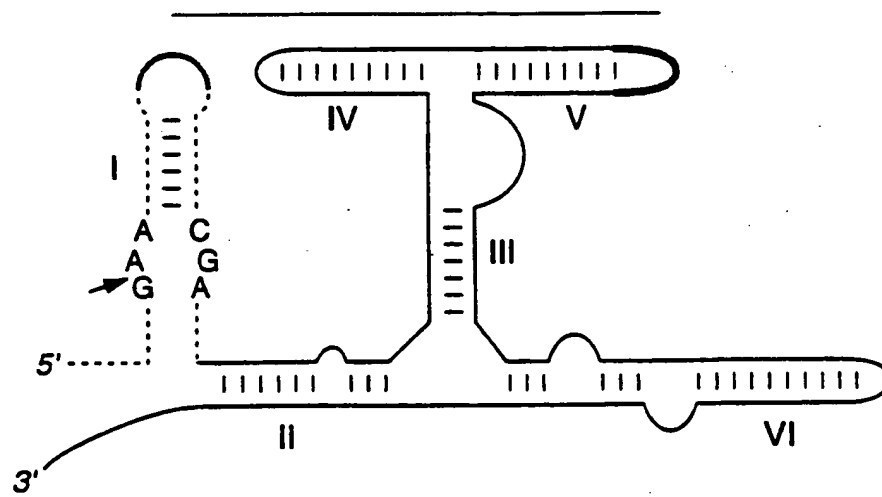


FIGURE 12E

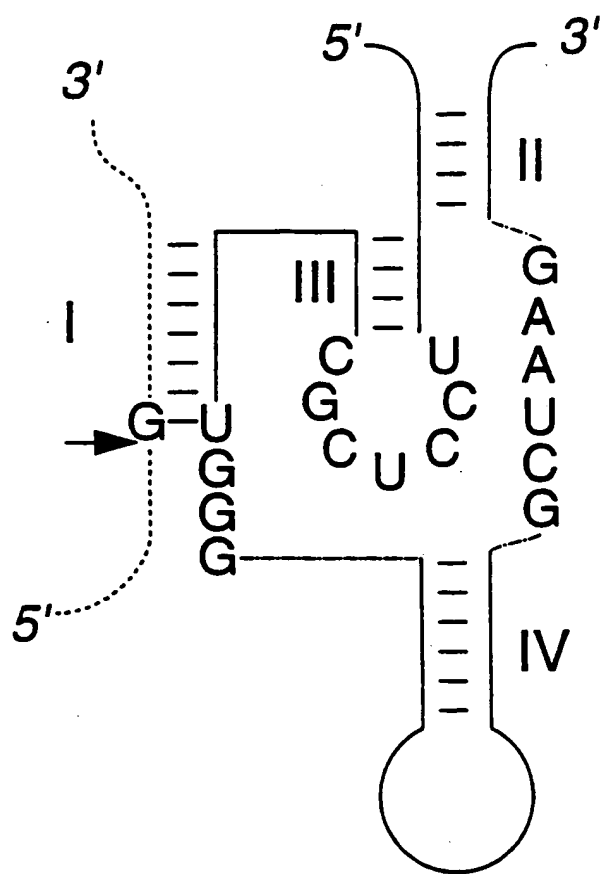


FIGURE 12F

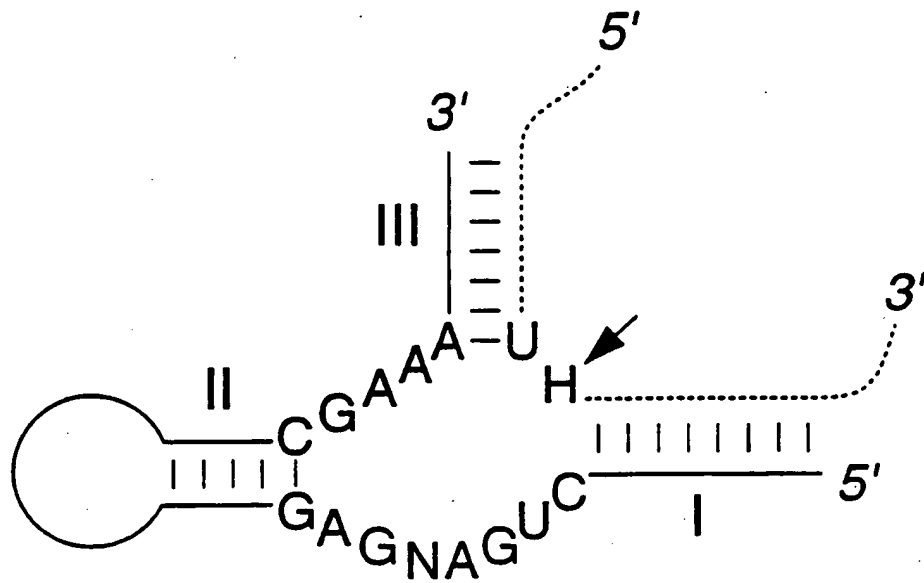
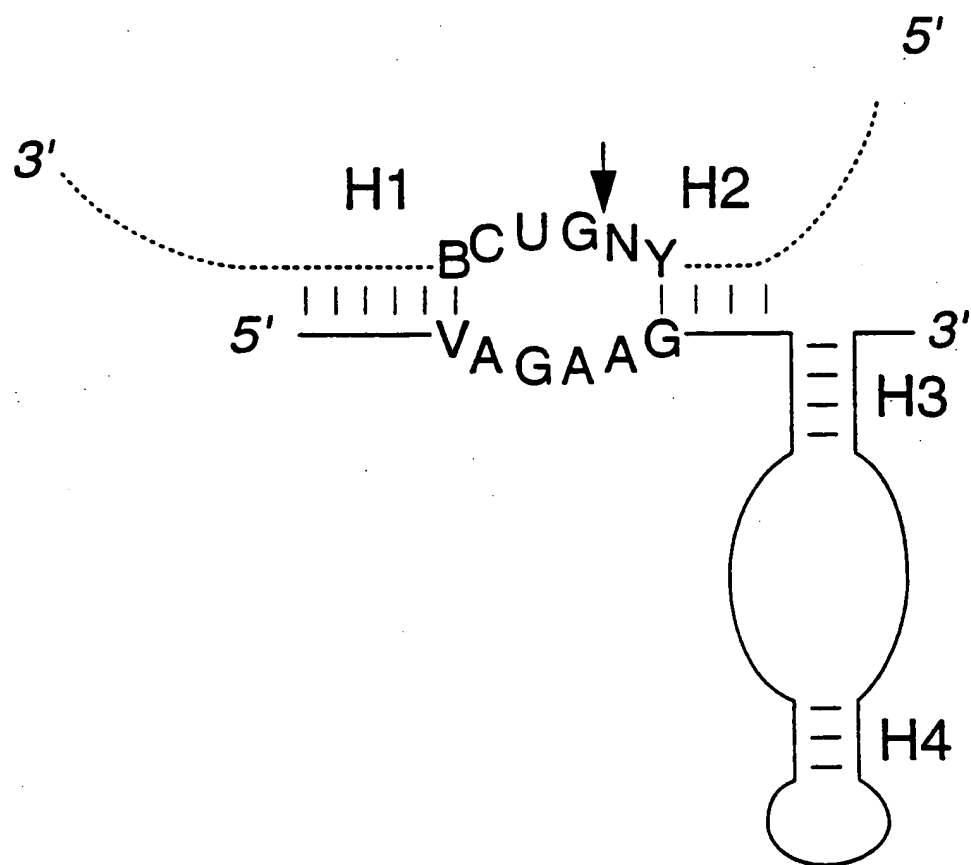


FIGURE 12G



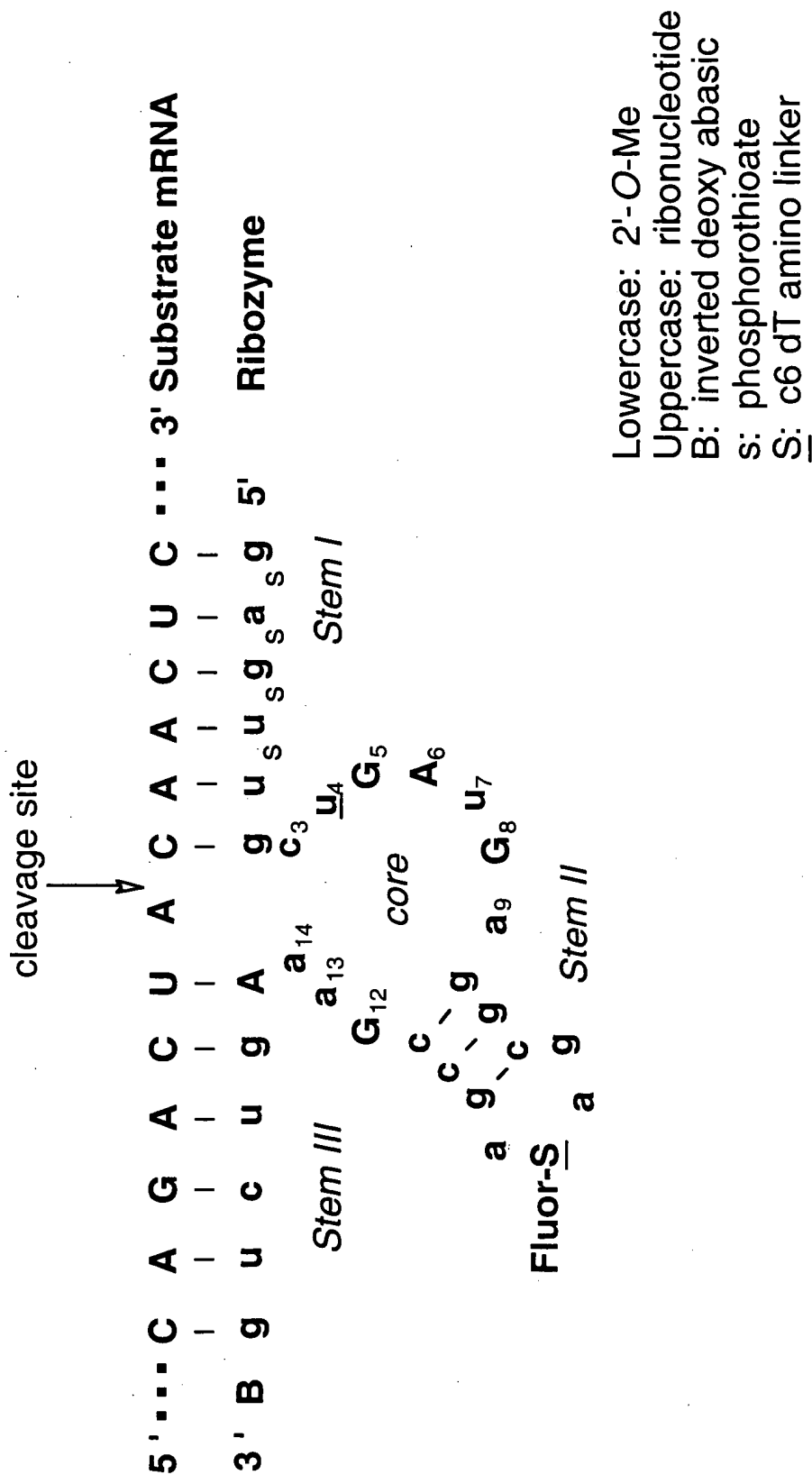


Figure 13

Figure 14

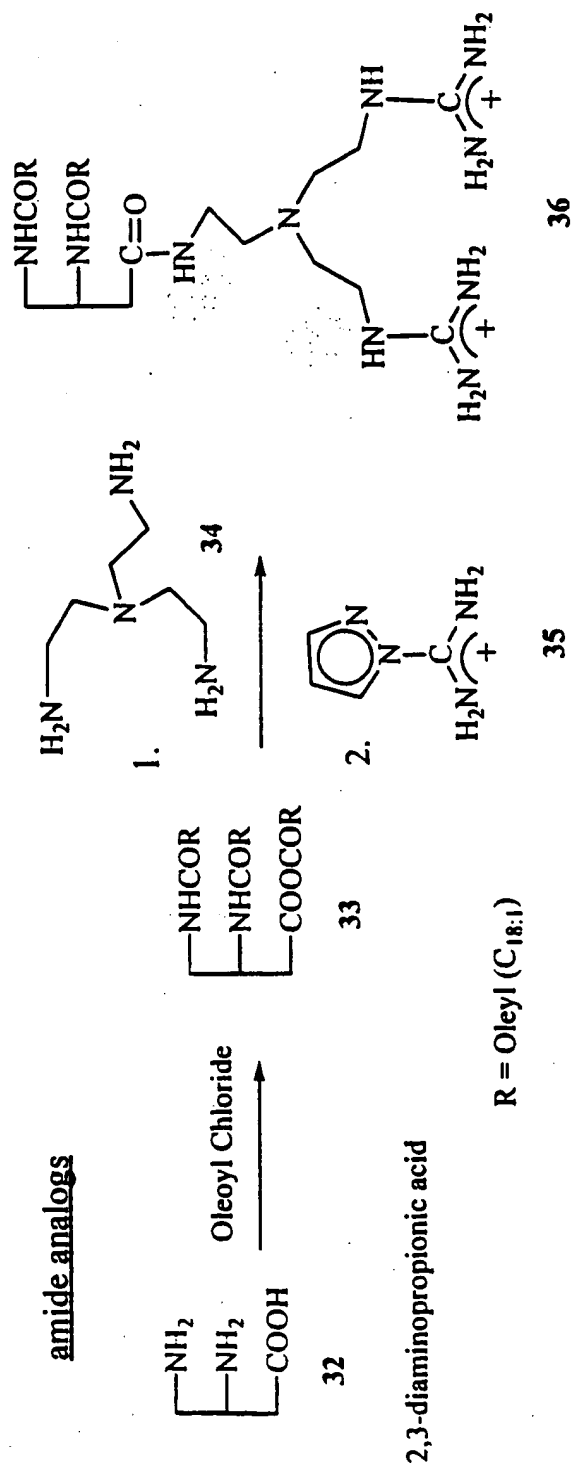
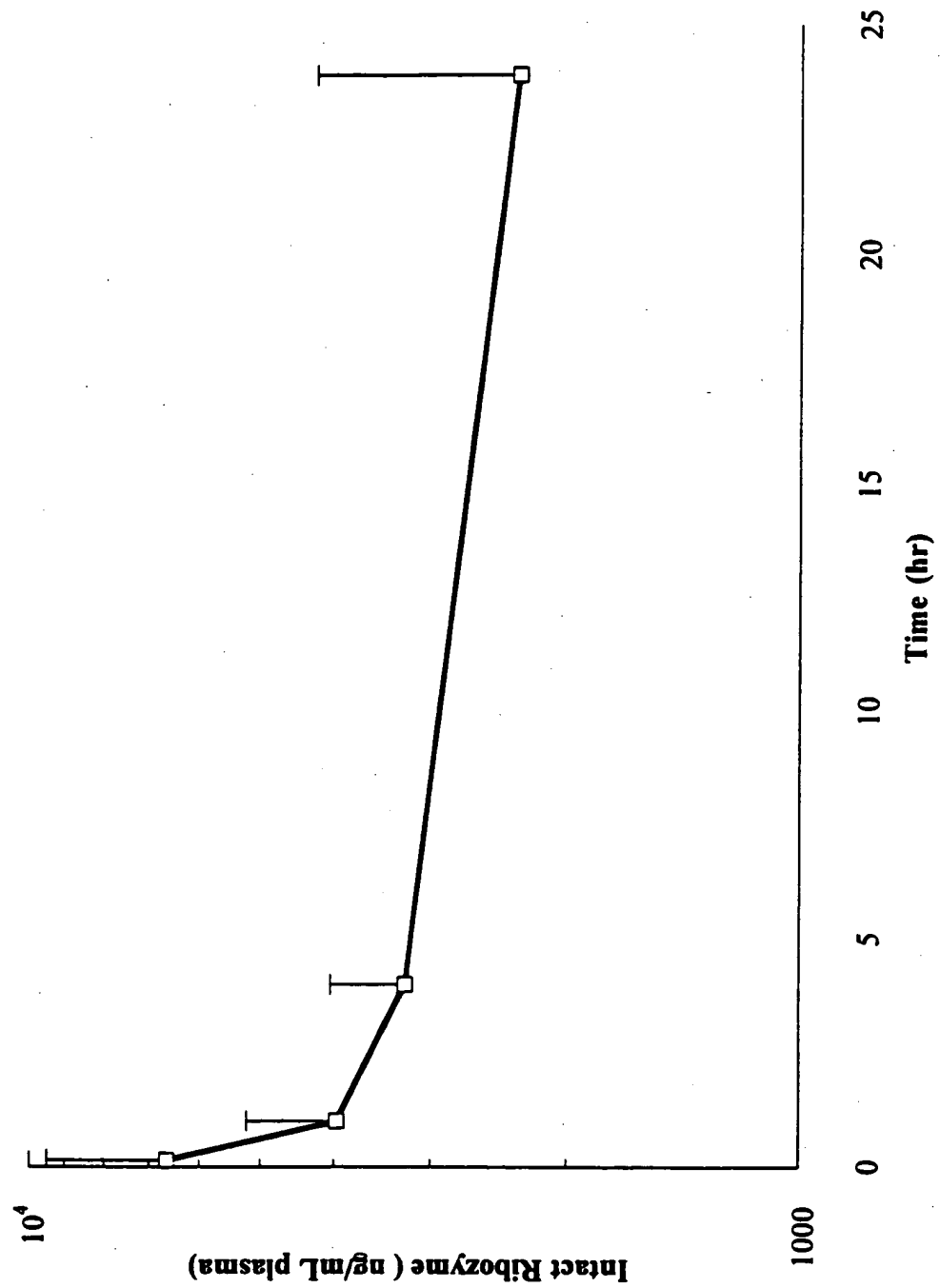


Figure 15: Concentration of Intact Ribozyme after Intravenous Administration of EPC:CHOL:DOTAP:DSPE-PEG₂₀₀₀ Liposome Encapsulated Ribozyme



**Figure 16: Inhibition of IMPDH-2 mRNA Expression in Jurkat Cells
Treated for 24 h with IMPDH antisense molecule + 5 μ g/ml
Formulation ID No. 345**

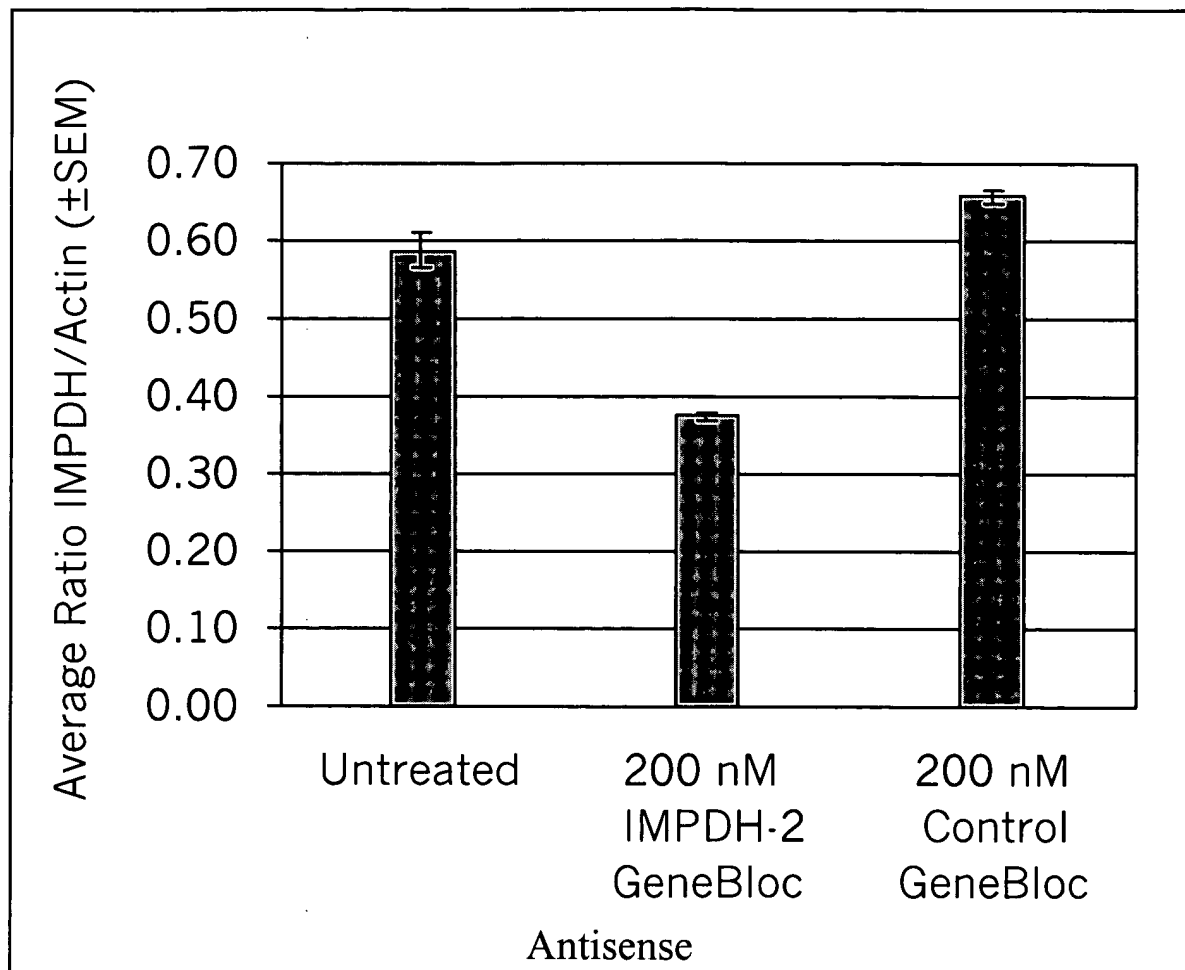


Figure 17: Inhibition of IMPDH-2 mRNA Expression in Jurkat Cells Treated for 24 h with IMPDH Antisense molecules+ Formuation ID NO: 323

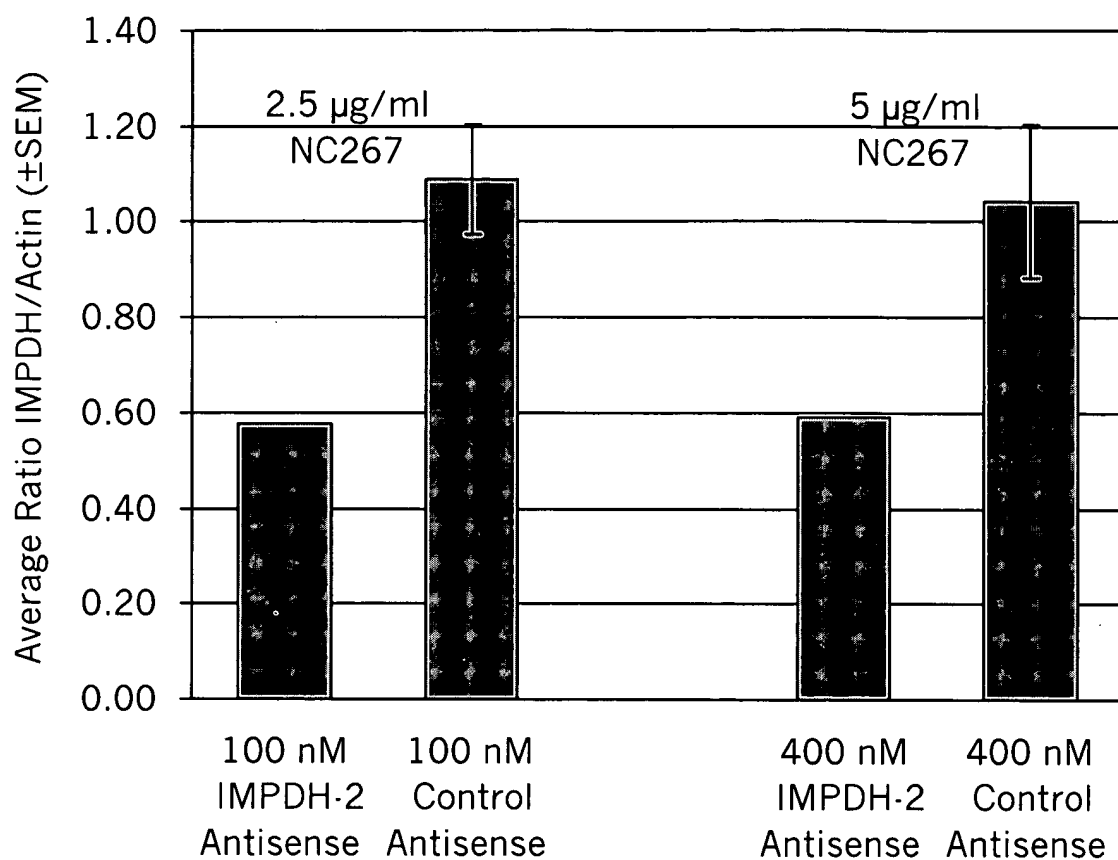


Figure 18: Inhibition of IMPDH-2 mRNA Expression in Jurkat Cells Treated for 24 h with IMPDH antisense molecules + Formulation ID NO: 333

